
fts. The health community has 3 primary challenges:

resilient health systems for the 21st century, and leveraging the health benefits of a low-carbon society. One

stress the cost-effectiveness, reliability and benefits for

urban planning will benefit health, including decreasing

physical inactivity and road traffic accidents. The WHO

Global impact of climate change on neglected tropical diseases (NTDs)

Aedes

Aedes

complexity of anthropogenic influences and the lack of

Global impact of climate change on vector-borne diseases

to 3 related concerns that are strongly influenced by climate change: environmental change, global migra

tifiques spécialistes du climat et de l'environnement. La crise

Action in sectors such public transport, energy-efficient

reduced inequalities all have proven co-benefits for

climate crisis, and a powerful first investment would

Developing an agenda for climate change and

provoking conflict), could introduce the disease to

polio vaccine or even the novel oral polio vaccine type 2
stable and far less prone to evolve into VDPV than into

C enteroviruses. More prolonged, wider, intense circula

emergence of cVDPV after oral polio vaccine adminis

drought and food insecurity, making it more diff cult

surveillance of acute flaccid paralysis to detect poliovi
of heavy rainfall and flooding on sewage and surface
virus in different settings. How dilution, increased flow
heavy rains and floods affect the sensitivity of poliovi

rapport à l'équateur. Le climat est susceptible d'influer sur les

du réchauffement climatique, qui s'accompagne d'une modif

susceptible d'évoluer en PVDV par rapport à la souche Sabin

l'émergence de PVDVc consécutive à l'administration du vaccin

Impact of climate change on trachoma

Chlamydia trachomatis

with fomites and eye-seeking flies.

and trachoma-specific studies were not identified in

Impact of climate change on river blindness and lymphatic filariasis

Conclusions and recommendations

beyond vectors, that influence changes in the

WHO web sites on infectious diseases – Sites internet de l'OMS sur les maladies infectieuses

Adolescent health	https://www.who.int/health-topics/adolescent-health#tab=tab_1	Saúde de adolescentes
Avian influenza and other zoonotic	https://www.who.int/health-topics/influenza-avian-and-other-zoonotic#tab=tab_1	Gripe aviária
Buruli ulcer	https://www.who.int/health-topics/buruli-ulcer#tab=tab_1	Úlcera de Buruli
Child health	https://www.who.int/health-topics/child-health#tab=tab_1	Saúde de crianças
Cholera	https://www.who.int/health-topics/cholera#tab=tab_1	Cólera
COVID-19	https://www.who.int/health-topics/coronavirus#tab=tab_1	Manuseio da gripe 2019 (COVID-19)
Dengue	https://www.who.int/health-topics/dengue-and-severe-dengue#tab=tab_1	Dengue
Ebola virus disease	https://www.who.int/health-topics/ebola#tab=tab_1	Manuseio da gripe Ebola
Emerging infectious diseases	https://www.who.int/emergencies/situations	Situações de emergência
Emergency diseases	https://extranet.who.int/publicemergency	Tratamento de doenças de emergência