## MINISTRY OF HEALTH

## **PRESSTATEMENT**

Uganda Interrupts the Transmission ofRiver blindness (Onchocerciasis) in the Wambabya-Rwamarongoand Kashoya-Kitomi foci; Targets Nationwide Elimination

## 8<sup>th</sup> August 2013

Uganda has moved closer to its goal of elirtimganchocerciasisri(ver blindnes)s nationwideby 2020. The sixth Uganda Onchocerciasis Elimination Expert Advisory Committee (UOEEAC)amcomposed of national and international expertshas today (8 August 2013)recommended stopping ivermectin treatment for river blindness (inchocerciasis) 2 more foci namely: Wambabyawamarongo(Hoima District) and KashoyaKitomi (Buhweju, Kamwenge, Ibanda and Rubirizi districts)owever the latter pendssatisfactory completion of confirmatory laboratory sessirrently underway.

The recommendation stop ivermectin treatment for onchocerciasis willbe sent to the National Certification Committee (NCC) of the Ministry of Healthseeking forapproval before Post Treatment Surveillance (PTS) With NCC approval, treatment with ivermectin (Mectizan®, donated by the US Company Merck) would be discontinued in the approved are in the year 2014. That means transmission will have been eliminated in 8 foci of river blindness in Uganda. Including the newly announced areas, more than 1,524,568 Ugandans are now no longer at risk of getting the distress ealth workers will Neglected Tropical Disease and can

n lesions, eyesight impairment, and eventually if not treaterdlead to

continues to demonstrate that onchoceedinatination is posible in Africa. It made in Februarnyl December 2012 highlighting the first six Ugandan foci to sion of the diseastes success also means that about 3,000; 000 mectin a 8,000,000 tabletish not be needed for these for indicates the pain at three