



## Gates

continued from page 1

In 2001, the American  
 ... 60 ... June 2002.  
 ... C ... C ...  
 ... A ... D.  
 R ... R ...  
 G ... F ... I ... D ...  
 P ... T ...  
 ...  
 ...  
 ... I A ...  
 18 ...  
 ...  
 ... I A ...  
 ...  
 ... D. D ... H ...  
 ... T ... C ... C ... I A ...  
 ...  
 ... N ...  
 ... A ...  
 ... A ...  
 S ... 1996, T ... C ... C ...  
 ... C ... D ...  
 C ... P ... L ...  
 C ... I ... F ...  
 ... 50 ...  
 ... M ... A ...  
 L ... A ...

## Colombia Hosts IACO 2003

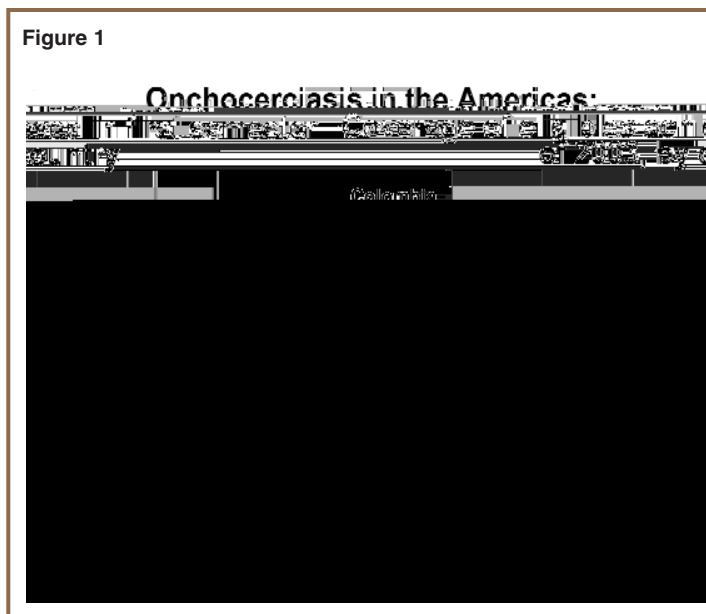
F c E Ac e e E a  
 O c ce ca e A e ca

**T**he 13<sup>th</sup> IACO  
 C ... O ...  
 N ... 18-20, C ...  
 C ... 2003 ... 92  
 ...  
 A ...  
 ... 85 ...  
 ... T ...  
 A ...  
 ... 85 ... P ...  
 ... O ...  
 218,634 ...  
 ... 67 ... A ...  
 625,452 ...  
 ... O ...  
 P ...  
 (2) ...  
 O ... 2003, ... IACO



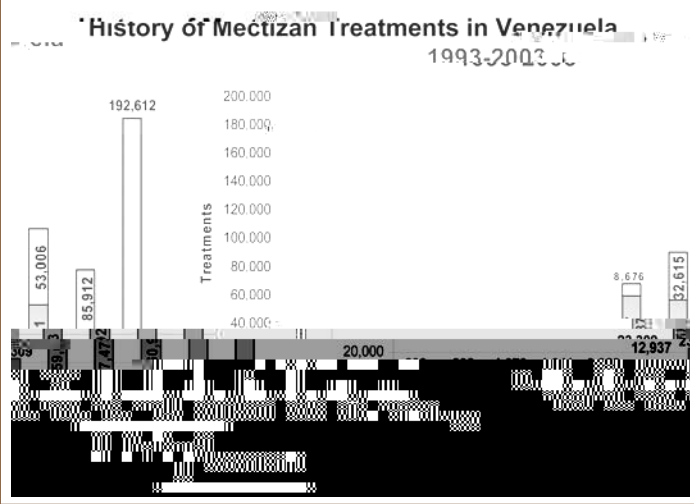
2003, ... F ... 1. F ...  
 ... V ...  
 ... O ...  
 ... 96,306 ...  
 85,912 ...  
 ... 2003. (S ... 2.) T ...  
 89 ... 70  
 ... 2002.  
 A ...  
 ...  
 ... A ...  
 ... A ...

Figure 1



C ...  
 ... M ...  
 B ...  
 ...  
 ... M ... C ...  
 S ...  
 ...  
 D. E ...  
 A ...  
 PAHO-  
 C ...  
 ...  
 ...  
 ... M ...

Figure 2



## The Carter Center Assists in More Than 50 Million Mectizan Treatments

Atlanta, Georgia, August 11, 2003. The Carter Center, led by President Jimmy Carter, announced today that it has assisted in more than 50 million Mectizan treatments for onchocerciasis (river blindness) in 11 African countries since 1996. The Carter Center, in partnership with the U.S. Agency for International Development (USAID), the U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), and the Onchocerciasis Control Program (OCP), has provided the drug Mectizan (ivermectin) to the people of the 11 countries. The Carter Center has provided the drug Mectizan to the people of the 11 countries since 1996. The Carter Center has provided the drug Mectizan to the people of the 11 countries since 1996. The Carter Center has provided the drug Mectizan to the people of the 11 countries since 1996.

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continued on page 4

Table 1

Country	ATOClearp	ATOClearp	ATOClearp	ATOClearp	ATOClearp	ATOClearp	ATOClearp	ATOClearp	ATOClearp	ATOClearp			
01	8,214,287	82%	23,984	254,722	341,518	827,173	1,539,402	2,026,659	1,377,541	846,784	846,890	218,634	0
02	14,651	98%	30	697	849	999	1,899	1,383	1,735	1,386	1,776	0	0

## Center Assists

*continued from page 3*

P... E...  
 1,007,983,  
 2003:  
 2002. I  
 2003,  
 B... M... (... K...  
 S... S... N...  
 N... P...  
 N... G... A...  
 T... A... P...  
 O... C...  
 2004, I... J...  
 K... S...  
 O... T...  
 2004.

**“Lions have been ‘Knights  
 of the Blind’ for nearly  
 80 years. We are overjoyed  
 that in cooperation with  
 The Carter Center we’ve  
 been able to save the sight  
 of millions of people,”  
 said Kay K. Fukushima,  
 chairperson of Lions Clubs  
 International Foundation.**

H... M...  
 V...

C... C...  
 N...

M... L... C...

## Dr. Moses Katarwa Joins the Global 2000 Atlanta Office

**T**he Carter Center's...  
 B... P...  
 D. M... K...  
 G... 2000... D. K...  
 G... 2000...  
 1996...  
 U... H... C... C...  
 (... R...

B... F...  
 1992...  
 D. K...  
 L... C... 1996. H...  
 A... B...  
 L... C... A... L...



*Dr. Katarwa, far right, visits with fellow Lions and President Carter in Uganda.*

R, B

A, D, R, T, D  
NA, R, É, AF  
D, M, D  
M, A, E, L



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Parsippany, N.J.  
HARRIS CENTER

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... A... S... H... L... C... E... L... C... A... A... A... S... G... T... C... P... H... 155... 3,000... M... A... M... 10,000... 100,256... D... 2003... P... I... P... E... D... H... L... C... A... A... T... H.E... R... A... L... C... C... H... F... V... 63,566

## Mali Launches Latrine Promotion Project in Ségou Region

**T**he National Executive Secretary (NES) of the United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF) in Mali, Thomas N. P. Traoré, today announced that UNICEF is launching a new project to promote the use of latrines in the Ségou region of Mali. The project is a continuation of a similar project in the Mopti region which was launched in 2003. The project is expected to benefit over 3,000 people in the Ségou region.

The project is a continuation of a similar project in the Mopti region which was launched in 2003. The project is expected to benefit over 104 people in the Ségou region. The project is a continuation of a similar project in the Mopti region which was launched in 2003. The project is expected to benefit over 102 people in the Ségou region.

... I... A... 2003... M... T... C... P... S... M... 10,000... 100,256... D... 2003... P... I... P... E... D... H... L... C... A... A... T... H.E... R... A... L... C... C... H... F... V... 63,566

... I... A... 2003... M... T... C... P... S... M... 10,000... 100,256... D... 2003... P... I... P... E... D... H... L... C... A... A... T... H.E... R... A... L... C... C... H... F... V... 63,566

... I... A... 2003... M... T... C... P... S... M... 10,000... 100,256... D... 2003... P... I... P... E... D... H... L... C... A... A... T... H.E... R... A... L... C... C... H... F... V... 63,566



**First Program  
Review Meeting  
for Trachoma  
Control Held in  
Southern Sudan**





# Addis Ababa University, CDC, and The Carter Center Collaborate in Research

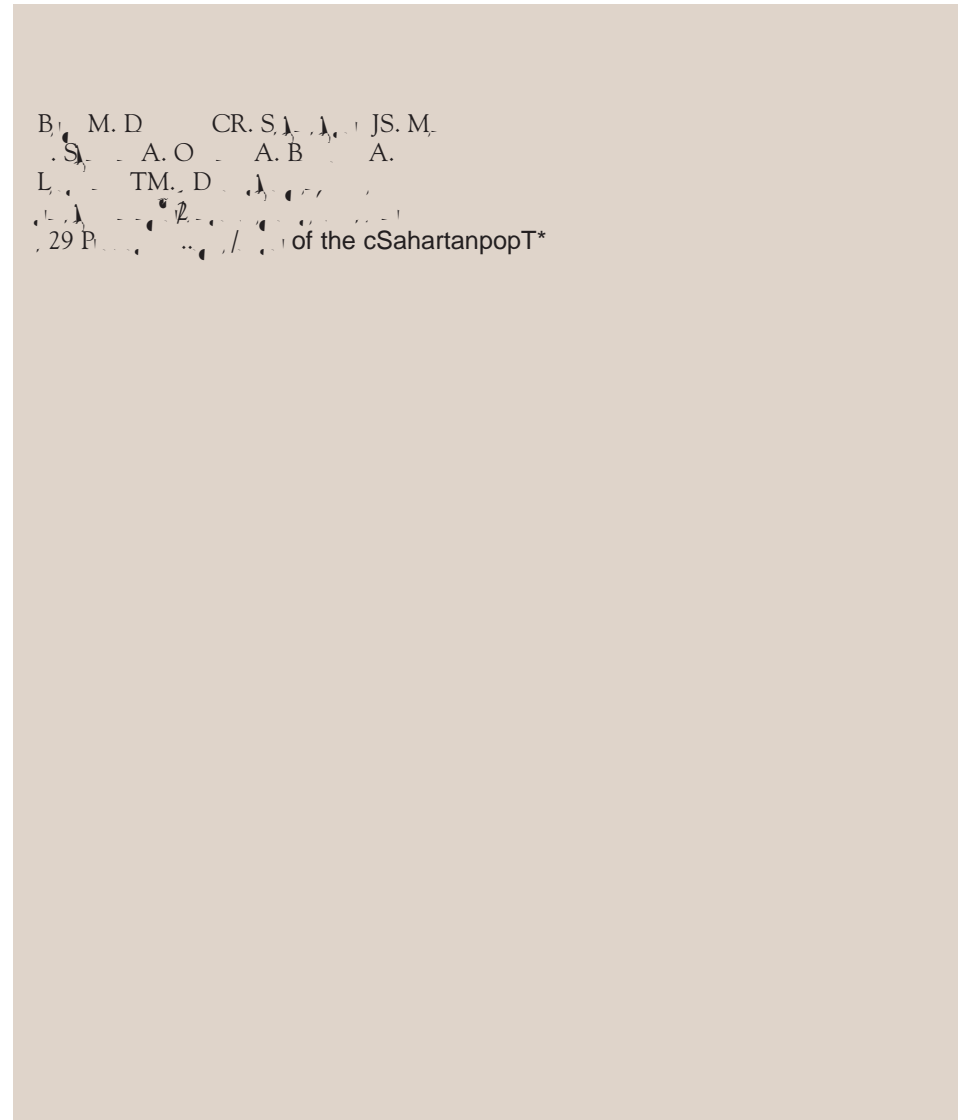
**M**ICHAEL G. FORT, Ph.D., and his colleagues at Addis Ababa University, Ethiopia, and the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) have identified a new population of the housefly *Musca sorbens*. The new population was first identified in Addis Ababa, Ethiopia, in 1992. It is genetically distinct from other populations of *M. sorbens* found in the region.

The new population was first identified in Addis Ababa, Ethiopia, in 1992. It is genetically distinct from other populations of *M. sorbens* found in the region. The researchers used DNA sequencing to identify the new population. The results of their study were published in the journal *Journal of Medical Entomology* in 2002. The researchers also found that the new population of *M. sorbens* is more resistant to insecticides than other populations of the species.

The researchers also found that the new population of *M. sorbens* is more resistant to insecticides than other populations of the species. This is a significant finding because *M. sorbens* is a major pest of humans and animals in many parts of the world. The researchers are currently working to determine the genetic basis of the insecticide resistance and to develop strategies to control the new population. The researchers also found that the new population of *M. sorbens* is more resistant to insecticides than other populations of the species. This is a significant finding because *M. sorbens* is a major pest of humans and animals in many parts of the world. The researchers are currently working to determine the genetic basis of the insecticide resistance and to develop strategies to control the new population.

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B. M. D. CR. S. JS. M.  
S. A. O. A. B. A.  
L. TM. D.  
29 P. / of the cSahartanpopT\*

**M**A. T. T. U. M.P.H., M.D. E. U. G. 2000 J. N. J. 29, A. 16, 2003. J. P. L. N. D. A. E. P. N. G. 2000/N. N. M. T. T. T. J. A. L. T. 27.

## Milestones

In November, **Ms. Kelly Callahan**,  
Carter Center's Director of  
Programs, and **Mr. Mark  
Pelletier**, Carter Center's  
K-12 Education Specialist,  
will be joined by **Mr. Raymond  
Stewart**, Carter Center's  
Director of Education, and  
**Dr. Jeremiah Ngondi**,  
Carter Center's Director of  
Education, to discuss the  
11th Annual Carter Center  
Symposium on Education

Education in Africa  
**Ms. Alice Onsarigo**,  
Carter Center's  
Director of  
Symposia, **Mr. Eric Dumakor**,

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